

**EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023**

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
MANAGEMENT'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Eagle Lake First Nation are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Council.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards prescribed for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada and as such include amounts that are the best estimates and judgments of management.

Management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of these statements and for implementing and maintaining a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that reliable financial information is produced.

The Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the consolidated financial statements.

The Council meets periodically with management, as well as the external auditors, to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting process, auditing matters and financial reporting issues, to satisfy themselves that each party is properly discharging their responsibilities, and to review the consolidated financial statements and the external auditor's report.

The external auditors, Heartland Chartered Professional Accountants LLP, conduct an independent examination, in accordance with Canadian auditing standards, and express their opinion on the consolidated financial statements. The external auditors have full and free access to financial management of Eagle Lake First Nation and meet when required.

On behalf of Eagle Lake First Nation:

Chief


Councillor


Councillor


Councillor

July 18, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Eagle Lake First Nation:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Eagle Lake First Nation (the "First Nation"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, change in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Eagle Lake First Nation as at March 31, 2023 and the results of its consolidated operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report (*continued*)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Winnipeg, Manitoba
July 18, 2023



CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS
LICENSED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

	2023	2022
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 9,853,625	4,652,610
Accounts receivable (Note 3)	1,432,037	641,771
Trust funds held by the federal government (Note 4)	<u>74,236</u>	<u>72,411</u>
	<u>11,359,898</u>	<u>5,366,792</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)	863,488	668,192
Incomplete projects (Note 7)	9,775,909	5,477,650
Long-term debt (Note 8)	<u>1,901,386</u>	<u>2,008,574</u>
	<u>12,540,783</u>	<u>8,154,416</u>
NET DEBT	\$ <u>1,180,885</u>	<u>2,787,624</u>
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets (Note 5)	<u>13,164,281</u>	<u>12,184,232</u>
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ <u>11,983,396</u>	<u>9,396,608</u>

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE FIRST NATION:

 Chief


 Councillor


 Councillor


 Councillor

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023	2022
REVENUE		
ISC (Page 13)	\$ 7,197,557	4,783,012
Health Canada (Page 43)	4,723,627	2,314,529
Federal Government - other	57,000	25,000
Province of Ontario	3,957,316	2,909,372
Business enterprises - net	(191,615)	(188,633)
CMHC - rental subsidies	146,057	146,057
Other	3,169,656	1,896,207
Net transfer (to) from incomplete projects	<u>(4,298,259)</u>	<u>1,824,188</u>
	<u>14,761,339</u>	<u>13,709,732</u>
EXPENSES		
Community development	1,769,878	1,733,711
Economic development	864,822	904,597
Education	5,292,508	3,493,254
Government support	1,006,971	1,217,413
Social development	697,345	994,060
Governance	34,079	47,346
Health	1,721,731	2,409,785
Amortization	<u>787,217</u>	<u>980,893</u>
	<u>12,174,551</u>	<u>11,781,059</u>
ANNUAL SURPLUS	2,586,788	1,928,673
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>9,396,608</u>	<u>7,467,935</u>
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 11,983,396</u>	<u>9,396,608</u>

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET DEBT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023	2022
ANNUAL SURPLUS	\$ 2,586,788	1,928,673
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(1,767,266)	(3,250,887)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	<u>787,217</u>	<u>980,893</u>
CHANGE IN NET DEBT	1,606,739	(341,321)
NET DEBT AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>2,787,624</u>	<u>2,446,303</u>
NET DEBT AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,180,885</u>	<u>2,787,624</u>

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023	2022
OPERATING TRANSACTIONS		
Annual surplus	\$ 2,586,788	1,928,673
Item not affecting cash:		
Amortization	<u>787,217</u>	<u>980,893</u>
Change in non-cash charges to operations:		
Accounts receivable	(790,266)	(370,928)
Trust funds held by the federal government	(1,825)	(648)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	195,296	(495,936)
Incomplete projects	<u>4,298,259</u>	<u>(1,824,188)</u>
Cash provided by (applied to) operating transactions	<u>7,075,469</u>	<u>217,866</u>
CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS		
Purchase of tangible capital assets	<u>(1,767,266)</u>	<u>(3,250,887)</u>
FINANCING TRANSACTIONS		
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	3,322,430
Debt retirement	<u>(107,188)</u>	<u>(3,426,967)</u>
Cash provided by (applied to) financing transactions	<u>(107,188)</u>	<u>(104,537)</u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5,201,015	(3,137,558)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,652,610	7,790,168
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 9,853,625	4,652,610

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of accounting

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards prescribed for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

b) Reporting entity

The Eagle Lake First Nation reporting entity includes the Eagle Lake First Nation government and all related entities that are controlled by the First Nation.

c) Principles of consolidation

All controlled entities are fully consolidated on a line-by-line basis except for the commercial enterprises which meet the definition of government business enterprise, which are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements on a modified equity basis. Inter-organizational balances and transactions are eliminated upon consolidation.

Under the modified equity method of accounting, only Eagle Lake First Nations investment in the government business enterprise and the enterprise's net income and other changes in equity are recorded. No adjustment is made for accounting policies of the enterprise that are different from those of Eagle Lake First Nation.

Organizations accounted for on a modified equity basis:

- Ojibway Paradise Resort
- Bingo Palace
- 1157065 Ontario Inc. (o/a Eagle Lake Contractors)
- Migisi Logging
- Recreation (Arena) Operations
- Concession Operation

d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks net of bank overdrafts and term deposits having a maturity of three months or less at acquisition which are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

e) Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments are recorded at cost. Portfolio investments are written down where there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline.

e) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets acquired after March 31, 1999 are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of the assets. Cost includes overhead directly attributable to construction and development, as well as interest costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the asset. Tangible capital assets acquired prior to April 1, 1999 were recorded at insured values at that date.

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

e) Tangible capital assets (continued)

Leases that transfer substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee are recorded as capital leases. Accordingly, at the inception of the leases, the tangible capital asset and related lease obligations are recorded at an amount equal to the present value of future lease payments discounted at the lower of the interest rate inherent in the lease contracts and Eagle Lake First Nation incremental cost of borrowing.

Amortization is provided at the following rates and methods:

Buildings - CMHC	Amount of principal repayment of mortgage
Buildings - other	5% straight line
Infrastructure	5% straight line
Equipment	20% straight line
Vehicles	30% straight line

Tangible capital assets are written down when conditions indicate that they no longer contribute to Eagle Lake First Nation's ability to provide goods and services, or when the value of future economic benefits associated with the tangible capital assets are less than their net book value. The net write-downs are accounted for as expenses in the consolidated statement of operations.

Contributed capital assets are recorded into revenue at their fair value on the date of donation, except in circumstances where fair value cannot be reasonably determined, in which case they are recognized at nominal value. Transfers of capital assets from related parties are recorded at carrying value.

Certain assets which have historical or cultural value, including works of art, historical documents and historical and cultural artifacts, are not recognized as tangible capital assets. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available to be put into service.

f) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue. All revenue is recorded on an accrual basis, except when the accruals cannot be determined with a reasonable degree of certainty or when their estimation is impracticable.

Government transfers are recognized as revenue when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

Contributions from other sources are deferred when restrictions are placed on their use by the contributor, and are recognized as revenue when used for the specific purpose.

Revenue related to fees or services received in advance of the fee being earned or the service is performed is deferred and recognized when the fee is earned or service performed.

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

g) Measurement uncertainty

In preparing the consolidated financial statements for Eagle Lake First Nation, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Items requiring the use of significant estimates include the allowance for doubtful accounts and the estimated life of tangible capital assets. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

2) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Under the terms of an agreement with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Eagle Lake First Nation must set aside funds annually for the repair, maintenance and replacement of worn out assets. Their funds are to be held in a separate bank account and invested only in accounts or instruments insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or as otherwise approved by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation with any interest earned to be credited as revenue to the Replacement Reserve Fund. Cash and cash equivalents is comprised of the following:

	2023	2022
Externally restricted		
Replacement Reserve Fund	\$ 174,973	149,321
Operating Reserve Fund	240,812	234,507
Internally restricted		
Incomplete projects	9,775,909	5,477,650
Unrestricted	<u>(338,069)</u>	<u>(1,208,868)</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,853,625	<u>4,652,610</u>

3) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2023	2022
Trade receivables	\$ 243,184	169,877
Due from government and other government organizations		
Federal government		
Indigenous Services Canada	1,159,392	387,558
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation	12,171	12,171
Provincial government	17,290	72,165
Total Accounts Receivable	\$ 1,432,037	<u>641,771</u>

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

4) TRUST FUNDS HELD BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

	March 31, 2022	Additions 2023	Withdrawals 2023	March 31, 2023
Revenue	\$ 18,002	1,825	-	19,827
Capital	<u>54,409</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>54,409</u>
	<u>\$ 72,411</u>	<u>1,825</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>74,236</u>

The trust funds arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

5) TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2023		2022	
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Cost	Accumulated Amortization
Buildings - CMHC	\$ 7,477,669	1,033,154	7,008,282	925,966
Buildings - other	19,875,227	16,322,555	18,802,668	16,079,899
Infrastructure	7,163,337	4,613,200	6,953,385	4,459,573
Equipment	1,795,406	1,578,060	1,780,038	1,503,191
Vehicles	1,390,898	991,287	1,390,898	782,410
	<u>\$ 37,702,537</u>	<u>24,538,256</u>	<u>35,935,271</u>	<u>23,751,039</u>
Net book value	<u>\$ 13,164,281</u>		<u>\$ 12,184,232</u>	

6) ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	2023	2022
Trade payables	\$ 704,678	524,443
Vacation pay accrual	158,810	143,749
	<u>\$ 863,488</u>	<u>668,192</u>

The vacation pay liability is comprised of the vacation pay that employees are deferring to future years. Employees have either earned the benefits or are entitled to these benefits within the next budgetary year.

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

7) INCOMPLETE PROJECTS

	Balance March 31, 2022	Funding Received 2023	Revenue Recognized 2023	Balance March 31, 2023
<u>Federal Government</u>				
Capital projects	\$ 457,183	2,505,530	(881,650)	2,081,063
Other	1,780,576	8,796,388	(6,918,219)	3,658,745
	<u>2,237,759</u>	<u>11,301,918</u>	<u>(7,799,869)</u>	<u>5,739,808</u>
<u>Provincial Government</u>				
Capital projects	76,190	67,500	(7,500)	136,190
Other	1,164,411	1,582,425	(830,838)	1,915,998
	<u>1,240,601</u>	<u>1,649,925</u>	<u>(838,338)</u>	<u>2,052,188</u>
<u>Other</u>				
Restricted contributions	1,895,407	621,919	(563,075)	1,954,251
Other	103,883	21,740	(95,961)	29,662
	<u>1,999,290</u>	<u>643,659</u>	<u>(659,036)</u>	<u>1,983,913</u>
	<u>\$ 5,477,650</u>	<u>13,595,502</u>	<u>(9,297,243)</u>	<u>9,775,909</u>

8) LONG-TERM DEBT

		2023	2022
CMHC - Capital Fund			
Loan advance - construction of 6-unit project	\$ 641,723	641,723	
2.68% mortgage loan payable at \$4,878 monthly including principal and interest, maturing October 1, 2023, secured by 14 rental houses	528,157	571,974	
4.52% mortgage payable at \$7,518 monthly including principal and interest, maturing October 1, 2023, secured by 5 rental houses	731,506	794,877	
	<u>\$ 1,901,386</u>	<u>2,008,574</u>	

Anticipated annual principal payments over the next five years are as follows:

March 31, 2024	1,285,332
March 31, 2025	25,669
March 31, 2026	25,669
March 31, 2027	25,669
March 31, 2028	539,047

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

9) EXPENSES BY OBJECT

The following is a summary of expenses by object:

	2023	2022
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 4,893,854	4,768,237
Staff development	84,602	30,649
Travel	328,924	156,855
Supplies and services	3,776,504	1,885,697
Interest	64,273	44,976
Professional services	1,362,661	1,500,184
Rental expenditures	14,766	13,698
Fees and contract services	861,750	2,399,870
Amortization	<u>787,217</u>	<u>980,893</u>
	<hr/> <u>\$ 12,174,551</u>	<hr/> <u>11,781,059</u>

10) COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Comparative figures have been provided where practicable in the Schedules of Revenue and Expenditure. Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's method of presentation.

EAGLE LAKE FIRST NATION

SUMMARY OF ISC FUNDING

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

(Unaudited)

	PAGE	REVENUE					EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURE	
		TRANSFER					EXPENDITURE	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OVER EXPENDITURE
		FROM INCOMPLETE	TO INCOMPLETE	TOTAL	EXpenditure			
	PAGE	ISC	OTHER					
Band support	14	\$ 335,439	864,510	-	-	1,199,949	987,043	212,906
Indian Registry Administrators	14	5,582	-	-	-	5,582	5,582	-
Band employee benefits	15	32,324	-	-	-	32,324	79,065	(46,741)
Estates	15	79,452	-	20,613	(74,082)	25,983	25,983	-
Community based initiatives	16	463,339	-	131,674	(410,732)	184,281	184,281	-
PIDP	17	-	-	79,591	(45,512)	34,079	34,079	-
Summer work experience	17	57,640	27,432	-	-	85,072	63,434	21,638
Skills Link	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Emergency preparedness								
ISC	18	-	-	-	-	-	(126)	126
Other	18	-	-	36,571	(37,297)	(726)	(726)	-
Bill C-92	19	-	21,740	96,662	(29,662)	88,740	88,740	-
CFS prevention	19	142,283	-	-	(139,954)	2,329	2,329	-
Day care	20	9,800	698,697	-	-	708,497	682,303	26,194
Education	21	2,328,500	336,436	408,699	(857,137)	2,216,498	2,404,162	(187,664)
Social services	30	291,099	1,245,671	-	-	1,536,770	1,634,453	(97,683)
Capital	34	3,410,099	162,061	597,543	(2,526,877)	1,642,826	1,760,590	(117,764)
Economic development	40	42,000	-	59,344	(63,338)	38,006	38,006	-
Health Canada	43	-	5,129,286	402,596	(1,457,934)	4,073,948	4,255,686	(181,738)
Other		-	3,376,208	3,644,357	(4,133,384)	2,887,181	(70,333)	2,957,514
		\$ 7,197,557	11,862,041	5,477,650	(9,775,909)	14,761,339	12,174,551	2,586,788