

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2019

Management's Responsibility

Independent Auditors' Report

Consolidated Financial Statements

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Management's Responsibility

To the Chief and Council of Taykwa Tagamou Nation:

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Taykwa Tagamou Nation are the responsibility of management and have been approved by Chief and Council.

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgment is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fairness of the consolidated financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting systems and related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are authorized, assets are safeguarded and financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

The Taykwa Tagamou Nation Chief and Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities, and for approving the consolidated financial statements. The Chief and Council fulfils these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by management and discussing relevant matters with management and external auditors. Chief and Council are also responsible for recommending the appointment of the First Nation's external auditors.

MNP LLP is appointed by Chief and Council of behalf of the members to audit the consolidated financial statements and report directly to the Members; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Chief and Council and management to discuss their audit findings.

October 18, 2019


On behalf of Chief and Council
On behalf of management

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Chief and Council and members of Taykwa Tagamou Nation:

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Taykwa Tagamou Nation (the "First Nation"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2019, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (Note 2).

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the First Nation as at March 31, 2019, and the results of its consolidated operations, changes in its consolidated net debt and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

The First Nation controls several limited partnerships and related general partner corporations. These entities as described in Note 2 do not qualify as government business enterprises due to the First Nation's ongoing requirement to financially support the entities. As such, these entities require consolidation under Canadian public sector accounting standards. The financial information for some of these entities were not made available to us, therefore these entities are not fully consolidated. Consequently, we were unable to determine what adjustments, if any, may be necessary. We were also not able to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence relating to the accounts receivable and revenues of Apitisawin Limited Partnership, a consolidated entity. As described in note 21, Canadian public sector accounting standards require budget figures be reported in the statement of operations and accumulated surplus and change in net debt. No budget figures were available.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the First Nation to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Timmins, Ontario

October 18, 2019

The image shows a handwritten signature in black ink that reads "MNP LLP". The letters are stylized and slanted to the right.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Licensed Public Accountants

Taykwa Tagamou Nation

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2019

	2019	2018
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	2,754,108	2,106,526
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	770,541	297,682
Investments (Note 5)	177,261	189,760
Advances to related First Nation entities (Note 6)	287,999	521,727
Due from funding agencies (Note 12)	1,103,646	1,404,031
Investment in First Nation partnership (Note 7)	136,299	1
Investment in First Nation business entities (Note 7)	451,602	1,215,777
Funds held in Ottawa trust fund (Note 8)	150,541	147,124
	5,831,997	5,882,628
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accruals (Note 9)	1,008,756	1,465,823
Deferred revenue (Note 10)	1,072,244	891,590
Advances from related First Nation entities (Note 11)	223,129	355,794
Due to funding agencies (Note 12)	433,642	287,001
Debt (Note 13)	3,813,540	3,928,311
	6,551,311	6,928,519
Net debt	(719,314)	(1,045,891)
Contingencies (Note 14)		
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (Note 15) (Schedule 1)	6,176,130	6,157,145
Prepaid expenses	58,360	96,551
	6,234,490	6,253,696
Accumulated surplus (Note 16)	5,515,176	5,207,805

Approved on behalf of Chief and Council



Chief



Councillor

Taykwa Tagamou Nation

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

For the year ended March 31, 2019

	2019	2018
Revenue		
Indigenous Services Canada		
Grant funding	279,375	290,505
Fixed funding	1,652,038	1,781,555
Set funding	514,956	249,683
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation	64,992	52,118
Health Canada	1,137,947	494,010
Mushkegowuk Council	233,000	247,425
Coral Rapids expense recoveries	-	(73,336)
Detour Gold Corporation	973,623	1,238,780
Earnings (loss) from investment in First Nation business entities <i>(Note 7)</i>	(145,367)	1,068,637
Management and administration fees	-	125,000
Nishnawbe Aski Nation	145,732	124,338
Ontario First Nations Limited Partnership	784,954	614,861
Ontario Power Generation	10,000	428,334
Province of Ontario	377,417	393,782
Rental income	130,751	107,145
Repayment of funding	(155,822)	(249,743)
Other revenue <i>(Note 17)</i>	1,701,865	902,096
Deferred revenue - prior year	891,590	1,459,019
Deferred revenue - current year	(1,072,244)	(891,590)
	7,524,807	8,362,619
Expenses <i>(Schedule 2)</i>		
Band government	1,995,439	1,894,262
Community services	1,026,493	811,031
Economic development	946,394	1,904,410
Education	1,394,404	1,292,843
Health	1,210,612	653,916
Housing	530,231	519,006
Public works and technical services	113,863	111,030
	7,217,436	7,186,498
Annual surplus	307,371	1,176,121
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	5,207,805	4,031,684
Accumulated surplus, end of year <i>(Note 16)</i>	5,515,176	5,207,805

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Debt
For the year ended March 31, 2019

	2019	2018
Annual surplus	307,371	1,176,121
Purchase/construction of tangible capital assets	(544,964)	(1,832,239)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	515,850	404,879
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	10,127	-
Acquisition of prepaid expenses	-	(54,035)
Use of prepaid expenses	38,193	-
Increase (decrease) in net debt	326,577	(305,274)
Net debt, beginning of year	(1,045,891)	(740,617)
Net debt, end of year	(719,314)	(1,045,891)

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended March 31, 2019

	2019	2018
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities		
Operating activities		
Annual surplus	307,371	1,176,121
Non-cash items		
Amortization	515,850	404,879
Earnings (loss) from investment in First Nation business enterprises	145,367	(1,068,637)
Write down (recovery) of investment in First Nation partnership	(136,298)	420,715
	832,290	933,078
Changes in working capital accounts		
Accounts receivable	(472,859)	365,887
Prepaid expenses	38,190	(54,035)
Funds held in Ottawa trust fund	(3,417)	(3,056)
Due from funding agencies	300,385	(330,657)
Accounts payable and accruals	(479,907)	(498,332)
Deferred revenue	180,655	(482,300)
Due to funding agencies	146,641	208,837
	541,978	139,422
Financing activities		
Advances of debt	-	4,282,881
Repayment of debt	(114,771)	(1,483,473)
Advances from related First Nation entities	101,063	-
Repayment of advances from related First Nation entities	-	(249,670)
	(13,708)	2,549,738
Capital activities		
Purchase/construction of tangible capital assets	(544,964)	(1,832,239)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	10,127	-
	(534,837)	(1,832,239)
Investing activities		
Disposal (purchase) of investments	12,500	(20,335)
Dividends received	641,649	400,269
	654,149	379,934
Increase in cash resources	647,582	1,236,855
Cash resources, beginning of year	2,106,526	869,671
Cash resources, end of year	2,754,108	2,106,526

1. Operations

The Taykwa Tagamou Nation (the "First Nation") is located in the province of Ontario, and provides various services to its members. The First Nation includes its members, government and all related entities that are accountable to the First Nation and are either owned or controlled by the First Nation.

2. Significant accounting policies

These consolidated financial statements are the representations of management, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Further, the consolidated financial statements are prepared on the going concern assumption that the First Nation will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. Significant accounting policies are as follows:

Reporting entity

The financial statements consolidate the financial activities of all entities and departments comprising the First Nation reporting entity, except for First Nation business entities.

The First Nation has consolidated the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of the following entities and departments:

- Taykwa Tagamou Nation Band
- Apatisawin Limited Partnership and its general partner corporation
- 2284327 Ontario Inc. (TTN-Detour Education and Training Fund Corp.)
- Thomas Archibald Senior Institute
- CRP Opportunities Limited Partnership and its general partner corporation

All inter-entity balances have been eliminated on consolidation. These consolidated financial statements do not include all the activities of several wholly-owned Limited Partnerships including Amisk Construction Limited Partnership and New Post Constructors Limited Partnership along with their respective general partner corporations and Kisis Aski Energy Inc. which require ongoing financial support from the First Nation in order to operate. Public Sector Accounting Standards require the consolidation of such entities. The activities included in the consolidated financial statements are limited to expenditures incurred by the First Nation on behalf of these related entities.

First Nation business entities, owned or controlled by the First Nation but not dependent on the First Nation for their continuing operations, are included in the financial statements using the modified equity method. Under the modified equity method, the equity method of accounting is modified only to the extent that the business entity accounting principles are not adjusted to conform to those of the First Nation. Thus, the First Nation's investment in these entities is recorded at acquisition cost and is increased for the proportionate share of post acquisition earnings and decreased by post acquisition losses and distributions received. Entities accounted for by the modified equity basis include:

- Island Falls Forestry Limited Partnership and its general partner corporation
- Coral Rapids Power Corporation

Investments in First Nation business partnerships are accounted for using the modified equity method. Entities accounted for by the modified equity basis include:

- Weekashin Domco Limited Partnership

Asset classification

Assets are classified as either financial or non-financial. Financial assets are assets that could be used to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. Non-financial assets are acquired, constructed or developed assets that do not normally provide resources to discharge existing liabilities but are employed to deliver government services, may be consumed in normal operations and are not for resale in the normal course of operations. Non-financial assets include tangible capital assets and prepaid expenses.

2. Significant accounting policies *(Continued from previous page)*

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

The collectability of accounts receivable is assessed as at the balance sheet date and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided when considered necessary. Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets. Accounts payable and accruals are estimated based on historical charges for unbilled goods and services at year-end.

Net debt

The First Nation's financial statements are presented so as to highlight net debt as the measurement of financial position. The net debt of the First Nation is determined by its financial assets less its liabilities. Net debt combined with non-financial assets comprise a second indicator of financial position, accumulated surplus.

Portfolio investments

Marketable securities with prices quoted in an active market are measured at cost while those that are not quoted in an active market are measured at cost less impairment.

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. Contributed tangible assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of contribution. One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

Amortization

The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are amortized using the straight line method as follows:

	<i>Rate</i>
Buildings	25 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years
Computers	3 years
Vehicles & Heavy equipment	5-15 years

Long-lived assets consist of tangible capital assets. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies.

The First Nation performs impairment testing on long-lived assets held for use whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset, or group of assets, may not be recoverable. The carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable if the carrying amount exceeds the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows from its use and disposal. Impairment is measured as the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its fair value. Fair value is measured using discounted future cash flows. Any impairment is included in surplus for the year.

Revenue recognition

Funding

Revenue is recognized as it becomes receivable under the terms of applicable funding agreements. Funding received under funding arrangements that relate to a subsequent fiscal period are reflected as deferred revenue on the statement of financial position in the year of receipt.

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2019

2. Significant accounting policies *(Continued from previous page)*

Government Transfers

Government transfers are transfers from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction and are not expected to be repaid in the future. Government transfers without eligibility criteria or stipulations are recognized as revenue when the transfer is authorized. A transfer with eligibility criteria is recognized as revenue when the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met. A transfer with or without eligibility criteria but with stipulations is recognized as revenue in the period the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met, except where and to the extent that the transfer gives rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability for the organization. Government transfers that meet the definition of a liability are recognized as revenue as the liability is extinguished.

Funds held in Ottawa Trust Fund

Due to measurement uncertainty, revenue related to the receipt of funds held in the Ottawa Trust Fund is recognized when it is received.

Other revenues are recognized in the year that the events giving rise to the revenues occur and the revenues are earned. Amounts received which relate to revenues that will be earned in a subsequent year, are deferred and reported as liabilities.

Prior period funding adjustments

The First Nation has entered into accountable contribution arrangements with several government funding agencies. These programs are subject to audit by the various governments, with potential audit adjustments repayable to the government. These adjustments are recorded in the financial statements in the year they become known.

Segments

The First Nation conducts its business through seven reportable segments. These operating segments are established by senior management to facilitate the achievement of the First Nation's long-term objectives to aid in resource allocation decisions, and to assess operational performance.

For each reported segment, revenue and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in Note 22.

3. Cash and cash equivalents

Under the terms of an agreement with Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC), the First Nation must set aside funds annually for the repair, maintenance and replacement of worn out assets. These funds are to be held in a separate bank account and invested only in accounts or instruments insured by the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation or as otherwise approved by the CMHC with any interest earned to be credited as revenue to the Apartment Replacement and Subsidy Fund. At the year-end date, the respective monies on hand in the amount of \$10,440 were sufficient to meet the CMHC reserve fund requirements.

Under the terms of a debt agreement with First Nation Finance Authority, the First Nation was required to fund a debt reserve trust account which cannot be used until the debt is paid off. The debt reserve trust account earns annual interest.

	2019	2018
Cash - Unrestricted	2,604,452	1,969,977
CMHC Reserve Fund - Restricted	10,440	2,610
FNFA Debt Reserve Fund - Restricted	139,216	133,939
	2,754,108	2,106,526

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2019

4. Accounts receivable

	2019	2018
Due from government:		
Receiver General for Canada	63,406	18,833
Due from members:		
Advances receivable - All other members	78,701	79,400
Rent receivable	22,796	8,610
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(78,701)	(79,400)
Total due from members - net	22,796	8,610
Due from others:		
Algonquin Power	112,396	-
Detour Gold Corporation	158,726	168,163
Hydro One	-	20,643
Rockshield	-	10,500
Shkagamik-Kwe Health Centre	223,685	-
Strategic Hub	60,000	-
Other trade receivables	132,437	73,838
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,905)	(2,905)
Total due from others - net	684,339	270,239
	770,541	297,682

During the year, the First Nation wrote off \$0 (2018 - \$818,500) due from members.

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2019

5. Investments

Portfolio investments, comprised of widely held shares in publicly traded entities and mutual fund units, are recorded at their book value.

Investments subject to significant influence are recorded at their market value. Any changes in market value are reported as remeasurement gains and losses until realized.

	2019	2018
Portfolio investments		
Shares in publicly traded entities	171,305	183,882
Mutual funds	5,855	5,777
	177,160	189,659
Investments subject to significant influence		
CRP Opportunities Inc. and LP	100	100
Kisis Aski Energy Inc.	1	1
	101	101
	177,261	189,760

6. Due from related First Nation entities

The balances bear no interest and have no fixed terms of repayment.

	2019	2018
New Post Constructors	139,392	139,391
Island Falls Forestry	111,852	-
Coral Rapids Power	-	345,581
CRP Opportunities Limited Partnership	36,755	36,755
	287,999	521,727

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2019

7. Investments in First Nation partnership and business entities

The First Nation has interests in First Nation Business Enterprises. Unless otherwise noted, the First Nation's interest is 100% of the shares or units of the respective entity.

Island Falls Forestry, a government business enterprise, consists of Island Falls Forestry General Partner Inc. (IFFGPI), is a company incorporated to act as the general partner for forestry operations of the First Nation and Island Falls Forestry Limited Partnership (IFFLP), for which IFFGPI acts as general partner.

Coral Rapids Power Corporation, a government business enterprise, is a company incorporated to share in the profits from hydro-electric stations across Northern Ontario.

The First Nation's investment in Weekashin Domco Limited Partnership was established for the purposes of providing catering services.

Summary financial information for each First Nation business partnership, accounted for using the modified equity method, is as follows:

	<i>Weekashin Domco Limited Partnership As at December 31, 2017</i>
Capital at the beginning of the year	670,715
Distributions made	263,000
Capital at the end of the year	407,715
Provision for impairment	(271,416)
Book value, end of year	136,299

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2019

7. Investments in First Nation partnership and business entities *(continued from previous page)*

Summary financial information for each First Nation business enterprise, accounted for using the modified equity method, for the respective year-end is as follows:

	<i>Island Falls Forestry As at March 31, 2019</i>	<i>Coral Rapids Power Corporation As at March 31, 2019</i>
Assets		
Current assets	1,522,425	710,285
Non-current assets	1,549,016	17,313,153
Total assets	3,071,441	18,023,438
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	2,134,605	1,284,611
Long-term debt	485,235	16,761,666
Total liabilities	2,619,840	18,046,277
Accumulated surplus (deficit)	451,601	(22,839)
Total revenue	5,848,835	1,505,283
Total expenses	6,415,603	1,083,882
Annual surplus (deficit)	(566,768)	421,401

During the year, the following First Nation business enterprises had transactions with organizations of the First Nation:

<i>Name of business enterprise</i>	<i>Name of organization</i>	<i>Nature of transactions/balances</i>
Island Falls Forestry Limited Partnership	Taykwa Tagamou Nation	Sales for services rendered and payment of expenses to Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Coral Rapids Power Corporation	Taykwa Tagamou Nation	Distribution of dividends to Taykwa Tagamou Nation

8. Funds held in Ottawa trust fund

Capital and revenue trust monies are transferred to the First Nation on the authorization of Indigenous Services Canada, with the consent of the First Nation's Council.

	2019	2018
Capital Trust		
Balance, beginning and end of year	134,388	134,388
Revenue Trust		
Balance, beginning of year	12,736	9,678
Interest	3,417	3,058
Balance, end of year	16,153	12,736
	150,541	147,124

The Ottawa trust funds arise from moneys derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2019

9. Accounts payable and accruals

	2019	2018
Trade accounts payable	718,288	1,139,944
Government remittances payable	70,390	46,945
Payable to school boards	220,078	278,934
	1,008,756	1,465,823

10. Deferred revenue

The following table represents changes in the deferred revenue balance attributable to each major category of external restrictions:

	<i>Balance, beginning of year</i>	<i>Revenue received</i>	<i>Revenue recognized</i>	<i>Balance, end of year</i>
ISC:				
Comprehensive Community Planning	42,278	-	42,278	-
Band Operated School - Direct Services	-	200,124	-	200,124
Operating: Education	86,800	101,800	-	188,600
Prev/Least Disruptive Measures	-	138,740	-	138,740
Community Based Initiative	-	73,910	-	73,910
Financial Management Capacity Developme	86,800	-	86,800	-
FN Water Manag Strategy: Wastewater Water O&M	46,444	-	46,444	-
FN Water Manag Strategy: Water O&M	44,324	-	44,324	-
Innovation	78,500	-	78,500	-
Planning Design and Construction	126,815	64,937	-	191,752
Language and Culture	125,950	71,500	-	197,450
Wastewater/ Sanitation	156,250	-	156,250	-
Homecare Program - Health Canada	40,500	-	40,500	-
Health Canada - Pathfinders	-	806,926	761,926	45,000
CMHC Duplex project - Operating	2,034	-	2,034	-
Ontario Power Generation grave restoration	36,668	-	-	36,668
Service Canada	18,227	-	18,227	-
	891,590	1,457,937	1,277,283	1,072,244

11. Advances from related First Nation entities

During the year, loans were received from related First Nation entities. The advances bears no interest and have no fixed terms of repayment

	2019	2018
Island Falls Forestry	-	132,665
Pahquataaskahmekook General Partner	223,129	223,129
	223,129	355,794

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2019

12. Due from/to funding agencies

	2019	2018
Due from funding agencies:		
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation	5,416	21,439
Indigenous Services Canada	656,514	1,069,108
Mushkegowuk Council	233,000	126,734
Nishnawbe Aski Nation	51,087	58,660
Province of Ontario	157,629	128,090
	1,103,646	1,404,031
Due to funding agencies:		
Health Canada	90,249	90,249
Indigenous Services Canada	300,271	153,630
Province of Ontario	43,122	43,122
	433,642	287,001

13. Debt

	2019	2018
CMHC mortgage bearing interest at 1.97%, repayable in blended monthly payments of \$5,616, maturing December 1, 2042 and secured by Band Council Resolution and Ministerial Guarantee from ISC.	1,278,515	1,320,374
First Nations Finance Authority promissory note bearing interest at 3.41%, repayable in blended monthly payments of \$13,495, amortized over twenty five years, renewable December 1, 2027 and secured by ONFLP funding and a general security agreement.	2,535,025	2,607,937
	3,813,540	3,928,311

Principal repayments on debt in each of the next five years and thereafter, assuming debt subject to refinancing is renewed, are estimated as follows:

	Total
2020	114,775
2021	115,621
2022	116,485
2023	117,365
2024	118,263
Thereafter	3,231,031

14. Contingencies

The First Nation is involved in claims and potential claims arising in the normal course of operations. At this stage in the litigations, it is not possible to determine the likely outcome of these matters. Any settlements, awards or determination of loss will be reflected in the accounts as the matters are resolved.

The First Nation has entered into contribution agreements with various federal and provincial government departments. Funding received under these contribution agreements is subject to repayment if the First Nation fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the agreements.

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2019

15. Tangible capital assets

The tangible capital assets reconciliation is included in Schedule 1.

Buildings included costs associated with the ISC housing project with a carrying value of \$1,249,457 in 2018. No amortization was taken in 2018 as it was still under construction.

The First Nation holds works of art and historical treasures which have not been included in tangible capital assets due to the inability of estimating future benefits associated with such property.

16. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2019	2018
Equity in Ottawa Trust Funds	150,541	147,124
Equity in CMHC operating reserve	10,440	2,610
Equity in tangible capital assets	4,831,127	4,743,849
Unrestricted surplus	213,327	291,726
OFNLP Fund	309,741	22,496
	5,515,176	5,207,805

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2019

17. Other revenue

The balance reported as "Other Revenue" on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus consists of the following:

	2019	2018
Algonquin Power	463,713	-
Aramark	85,000	-
Boralex	-	27,777
Donations and fundraising	21,793	67,952
Education (TASI):	149,776	260,028
Gowest gold	-	13,687
GST/HST Rebates	-	44,004
Hydro One	-	35,000
IESO	20,000	31,178
Miscellaneous	422,135	150,405
Shkagamik-Kwe	323,552	-
Strategic Hub	60,000	-
Right to Play	-	19,777
Rockshield	-	37,500
Tembec	10,000	10,000
Tisdale Joint Venture	183,356	90,108
Transcanada	-	107,663
Losses from portfolio investments	(18,733)	(6,710)
	1,720,592	888,369

18. Distributions from Ontario First Nations Limited Partnership

Commencing with the 2012 fiscal year and in each fiscal year thereafter during the initial and renewal terms of the agreement between the Province of Ontario and Ontario First Nations Limited Partnership (OFNLP), the Province of Ontario shall pay to OFNLP 12 monthly payments of the aggregate provincial gross gaming revenues. OFNLP then distributes to the First Nation its share of these revenues according to a formula used for that purpose. The use of these funds, according to agreements, is restricted to community development, health, education, cultural development and economic development.

The First Nation holds a unit in the Ontario First Nations Limited Partnership, and a share in a related company Ontario First Nations General Partner Inc. - the carrying values of which are nominal and are therefore not recorded in these consolidated financial statements.

The First Nation's monthly payments are required to be used to service the debt balance with First Nation Finance Authority (FNFA). OFNLP transfers the payment to the FNFA who retain the monthly service cost and the excess is returned to the First Nation.

19. Economic dependence

Taykwa Tagamou Nation receives 62% (2018 - 53%) of its revenue from ISC, Health Canada, the Province of Ontario and other funding agencies. The ability of the First Nation to continue operations is dependent upon the continuation of these funding arrangements.

20. Budget information

Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) require the disclosure of budget information for comparison to the First Nation's actual revenue and expenses. The consolidated budgeted revenue and expenses, and surplus have not been reported in these financial statements. While having no effect on reported revenue, expenses, and surplus, omission of this information is considered a departure from PSAS.

21. Segments

Taykwa Tagamou Nation is a diversified local government that provides a wide range of services to its members, including water, fire protection, roadworks, technical services, recreation, social services, health services, education, social housing and economic development among others. For management reporting purposes, the First Nation's operations and activities are organized and reported by fund. Funds were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, requirements or limitations.

The First Nation's services are provided by departments and their activities are recorded in these funds. Certain departments that have been disclosed in the segmented information, along with the services they provide, are as follows:

BAND GOVERNMENT

-Undertakes First Nation operated governance initiatives through the activities of Chief and Council and other activities relating to membership matters and other governance initiatives.

COMMUNITY SERVICES

-Provides services to Taykwa Tagamou Nation members including workshops, awareness programs and events that benefit the community.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

-Manages the development of economic opportunities for First Nation entities.

EDUCATION

-Provides elementary and secondary education instructional services by way of tuition agreements with area school boards and provides financial support to post-secondary students.

HEALTH

-Provides a variety of health care programs and support to First Nation members.

HOUSING

-Provides housing to members under various programs.

LAND CLAIMS

-Undertakes First Nation operated governance initiatives through the activities of Chief and Council and other activities relating to reserve lands.

PUBLIC WORKS AND TECHNICAL SERVICES

-Public Works manages First Nation infrastructure programs including facilities operations and maintenance, capital projects, water and waste water plant operations and other related activities. Technical Services provides contract management services, general labour services and other related activities.

For each reported segment, revenues and expenditures represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Therefore, certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in Note 2.

22. Change in accounting policies

Effective April 1, 2018, the First Nation adopted the recommendations relating to the following Sections, as set out in the CPA Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook:

- PS 2200 Related Party Disclosures
- PS 3420 Inter-entity Transactions
- PS 3210 Assets
- PS 3320 Contingent Assets
- PS 3380 Contractual Rights

Pursuant to the recommendations, the changes were applied prospectively and prior periods have not been restated. There was no material impact on the consolidated financial statements as a result of adopting the new Sections.

23. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with current year's presentation.

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Schedule 1 - Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets
For the year ended March 31, 2019

	<i>Land</i>	<i>Buildings</i>	<i>Buildings under construction</i>	<i>Computer equipment</i>	<i>Furniture and equipment</i>	<i>Subtotal</i>
Cost						
Balance, beginning of year	568,000	5,509,612	1,249,457	290,497	870,607	8,488,173
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	-	138,655	-	69,751	114,935	323,341
Construction-in-progress	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal/transfer of tangible capital assets	-	1,249,457	(1,249,457)	(7,000)	-	(7,000)
Balance, end of year	568,000	6,897,724	-	353,248	985,542	8,804,514
Accumulated amortization						
Balance, beginning of year	-	1,890,786	-	237,727	424,752	2,553,265
Annual amortization	-	263,920	-	6,693	153,414	424,027
Accumulated amortization on disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	-	2,154,706	-	244,420	578,166	2,977,292
Net book value of tangible capital assets	568,000	4,743,018	-	108,828	407,376	5,827,222
2018						
Net book value of tangible capital assets	568,000	3,618,827	1,249,457	52,770	445,855	5,934,909

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Schedule 1 - Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets
For the year ended March 31, 2019

	<i>Subtotal</i>	<i>Vehicles and moveable equipment</i>	<i>2019</i>	<i>2018</i>
Cost				
Balance, beginning of year	8,488,173	823,589	9,311,762	7,479,522
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	323,341	221,623	544,964	582,783
Construction-in-progress	-	-	-	1,249,457
Disposal/transfer of tangible capital assets	(7,000)	(58,622)	(65,622)	-
Balance, end of year	8,804,514	986,590	9,791,104	9,311,762
Accumulated amortization				
Balance, beginning of year	2,553,265	601,353	3,154,618	2,749,738
Annual amortization	424,027	91,823	515,850	404,879
Accumulated amortization on disposals	-	(55,494)	(55,494)	-
Balance, end of year	2,977,292	637,682	3,614,974	3,154,617
Net book value of tangible capital assets	5,827,222	348,908	6,176,130	6,157,145
				2018
Net book value of tangible capital assets	5,934,909	222,236	6,157,145	

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Schedule 2 - Consolidated Schedule of Expenses by Object
For the year ended March 31, 2019

	2019	2018
Consolidated expenses by object		
Amortization	515,850	404,879
Bad debts	23,866	154,053
Bank charges and interest	26,459	38,008
Honouraria	226,290	141,035
Insurance	28,775	63,308
Interest on long-term debt	115,214	95,343
Office and other	345,563	396,156
Professional fees	529,056	604,038
Repairs and maintenance	102,605	17,490
Salaries and benefits	2,791,609	2,540,791
Social assistance	274,928	96,467
Supplies	355,342	389,813
Telephone and internet	55,709	42,209
Travel	620,916	403,520
Post secondary - Tuition, travel and allowances	1,166,199	1,021,050
Utilities	116,449	130,648
Writedown (recovery) of investment in First Nation Partnership	(136,298)	407,714
Subcontracts	31,954	231,576
Tradition and culture	26,950	8,400
	7,217,436	7,186,498

Taykwa Tagamou Nation
Schedule 3 - Consolidated Schedule of Segmented Disclosure
For the year ended March 31, 2019

	<i>ISC Revenue</i>	<i>Other Revenue</i>	<i>Deferred Revenue</i>	<i>Total Revenue</i>	<i>Total Expenses</i>	<i>Current Surplus</i>	<i>Prior Year Deficit</i>
Band Government	442,506	1,177,754	129,078	1,749,338	1,995,439	(246,101)	(1,339,982)
Community Services	246,527	830,154	156,250	1,232,931	1,026,493	206,438	32,196
Economic Development	117,000	1,121,914	-	1,238,914	946,394	292,520	1,598,671
Education	1,444,859	615,239	(567,847)	1,492,252	1,394,404	97,848	41,424
Health	-	1,435,917	(4,500)	1,431,417	1,210,612	220,805	24,784
Housing	80,270	114,784	80,534	275,587	530,231	(254,644)	966,726
Public works and Technical services	115,208	1	25,830	141,038	113,863	27,175	(111,030)
Total	2,446,370	5,295,763	(180,655)	7,561,477	7,217,436	344,041	1,212,789